# STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Australian Age of Dinosaurs Limited



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## **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

# UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 To the Directors of Australian Age of Dinosaurs Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 December 2018, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the Audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Lionel J Walsh CPA Walsh Accounting

31 December 2018



# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

## For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
INCOME			
Revenue			
Recurrent revenue			
Receipts from customers	3	2,181,378	2,045,391
Interest received	3	3,139	1,790
Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations	3	212,224	81,536
Total recurrent revenue		2,396,741	2,128,717
Capital revenue			
Grants, subsidies, contributions and donations	3	-	193,305
Total capital revenue		-	193,305
Total revenue		2,396,741	2,322,022
Total income		2,396,741	2,322,022
EXPENSES			
Recurrent Expenses			
Employee costs	4	1,016,657	942,806
Materials and services	5	644,232	608,866
Finance costs	6	2,321	3,166
Depreciation and ammortisation	7	137,251	138,952
Total recurrent expenses		1,800,461	1,693,790
Grant expenditure		100,000	-
Total expenses		1,900,461	1,693,790
Net surplus for the period		496,280	628,232

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and the summary of significant accounting policies 5

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### As at 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	857,565	658,099
Trade and other receivables	9	194,223	142,984
Inventories	10		332,281
Total current assets	10	326,395	<u> </u>
Total current assets		1,378,183	1,133,364
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	11	4,138,600	3,848,598
Intangible assets	12	325,260	329,102
Total non-current assets		4,463,860	4,177,700
Total assets		5,842,043	5,311,064
- Iotal accord		5,5 .2,5 .5	0,011,001
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	242,672	180,406
Provisions	14	31,181	56,700
Total current liabilities		273,853	237,106
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	14	21,923	24,367
Total non-current liabilities		21,923	24,367
Total liabilities		295,776	261,473
Net assets		5,546,266	5,049,590
Members' equity			
Members' contribution	16	651,809	651,809
Retained surplus/ (deficit)	15	4,894,457	4,397,781
Total members' equity		5,546,266	5,049,590

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes and the summary of significant accounting policies.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

## For the period to 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts			
Receipts from customers		2,293,602	2,126,926
Interest received		3,139	1,790
		2,296,741	2,128,716
Payments			
Payments to suppliers		870,740	513,705
Payments to others and employees		1,016,657	953,231
		1,887,397	1,466,936
Net cash inflow/ (outflow) from operating activities	17	409,344	661,780
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment	11	(309,878)	(309,878)
Payments for intangible assets	12	-	-
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		-	-
Net cash inflow/ (outflow) from investing activities		(309,878)	(309,878)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Capital grants income	3	100,000	193,305
Net cash inflow/ (outflow) from financing activities		100,000	193,305
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash held	,	199,466	545,207
Cash at beginning of reporting period		658,099	112,892
Cash at end of reporting period	8	857,565	658,099

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

## For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Total	Total	Retained surplus/ (deficit)	Retained surplus/ (deficit)	Members' contribution reserve	Members' contribution reserve
			Note 15	Note 15	Note 16	Note 16
	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Balance at beginning of period	5,009,067	4,380,836	4,357,258	3,729,027	651,809	651,809
Accumulated adjustments and allowances	40,919	40,523	40,919	40,523		
Net result for the period	496,280	628,231	496,280	628,231	-	-
Balance at end of period	5,546,266	5,049,590	4,894,457	4,397,781	651,809	651,809

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

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# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS** For the year ended 31 December 2018

#### 1. Statement of significant accounting policies

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Urgent Issues Group Consensus Views and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs and does not take into account changing money values or, except where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

#### (a) Segment reporting

The Company operates predominately in one geographical segment being Australia and in one business. This business consists of a tourism enterprise.

#### (b) Financial instruments

The financial assets (cash assets and receivables) and financial liabilities (payables) carrying values as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position equates to fair value.

#### (c) Revenues

Grant revenue is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when the entity obtains control of the grant and it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the entity and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably.

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the delivery of goods to customers. Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon delivery of the service to the customers.

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and service tax (GST).

#### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and in at call deposits with banks or financial institutions.

#### (e) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised at the amount due at the time of service provision and are monitored on an ongoing basis and are generally settled within 30 days. Collectability of debts is assessed as at reporting date and a provision for doubtful debts is made if required.

#### (f) Inventory

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Inventories acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration are valued at the current replacement cost as at the date of acquisition.

#### (g) Property plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation.

#### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from those assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows, which will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal.

#### **Depreciation**

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets are depreciated on either straight line basis or diminishing value basis over their useful lives to the company commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are

Class of fixed asset	Estimated life
Land	Not depreciated
Property improvements	10 to 50 years
Preparation equipment	1 to 5 years
Plant and equipment	1 to 40 years
Furniture and fittings	1 to 40 years
Buildings	10 to 80 years
Water infrastructure	10 to 60 years
Power infrastructure	10 to 50 years
Other structures	10 to 50 years

#### (h) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets might have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### (i) Trade and other payables

#### **Trade Creditors and Other Creditors and Accruals**

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### (j) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits expected to be settled within one year, together with benefits arising from wages and salaries, personal and carer's leave, annual leave and long service leave which will be settled after one year, have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled plus related on-costs.

#### (k) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the Statement of Financial Position are shown inclusive of GST.

#### (I) Income tax

The activities of the Company are exempt from Income Tax in accordance with advice from the ATO.

#### 2. Accumulated adjustments and allowances

The balance of the accumulated adjustments and allowances account relates to the correction of prior year transactions where the adjustment amount was to correct the inclusion of personal leave provision expenses.

#### 3. Ordinary Revenue Activity

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Operating income		
Trading income	547,327	505,763
Admission and ticket sales	1,460,150	1,297,415
Digs and fossil preparation income	140,988	198,012
Membership fees	29,642	28,749
Other income	3,271	15,452
Total receipts from customers	2,181,378	2,045,391
Interest received	3,139	1,790
Total interest received	3,139	1,790
Grants received - general	100,000	-
Donations received	112,224	81,536
Total grants, subsidies, contributions and donations	212,224	81,536
Revenue from ordinary activities	2,396,741	2,128,717
Capital grants		
Grants and subsidies		193,305
Total capital grants	-	193,305

## 4. Employee costs

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Total wages and salaries	905,689	834,603
Superannuation	84,996	76,476
Other employee related expenses	25,972	31,727
Total employee costs	1,016,657	942,806

### 5. Materials and services

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Cost of Goods Sold		
Opening stock	332,281	315,132
Add:		
Purchases	336,919	271,220
Stock spoilage	2,168	2,354
Cost variances	1,305	(2,624)
Freight inwards	7,994	9,686
	680,667	595,768
Less: Closing stock	(326,395)	(332,281)
Cost of Goods Sold	354,272	263,487
Other expenses		
Included in other expenses are the following:		
Accounting and audit fees	3,500	20,040
Advertising and promotions	41,705	48,198
Consultancy expenses	27,250	33,604
Consumables	55,279	72,093
Electricity	26,606	24,264
Insurance	58,280	51,448
Repairs and maintenance	20,609	26,623
Telephone	23,845	21,039

## 6. Finance charges

Other expenses

		2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Bank charges		1,321	1,629
Interest expenses		1,000	508
Borrowing expenses		-	1,029
	Total finance charges	2,321	3,166

Total other expenses

32,886

289,960

48,071

345,379

### 7. Depreciation and amortisation

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Depreciation was charged in respect of:		
Land and property improvements	21,673	18,387
Buildings	50,587	50,284
Furniture and fittings	2,236	2,654
Preparation equipment	1,233	1,195
Other structures	14,227	12,664
Water infrastructure	2,791	2,782
Power infrastructure	5,091	4,437
Plant and equipment	35,101	49,291
_	132,939	141,694
Amortisation was changed in respect of:		
Intangibles - Retail development	1,461	1,387
Intangibles - Web shop development	2,381	2,381
	3,842	3,768
Loss on disposal of assets	470	
Depreciation expense adjustment from PY	_	(6,510)
Total depreciation and amortisation	137,251	138,952

### 8. Cash and cash equivalents

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
NAB business account	61,099	44,968
NAB cash reserve account	624,941	547,375
NAB gift fund account	176,938	64,141
Cash floats	2,900	2,900
Undeposited funds	2,837	4,878
Clearing accounts	(11,150)	(6,163)
Balance per cash flow statement	857,565	658,099

All financial instruments are in domestic currency denominations and are held in National Australia Bank in normal business accounts.

#### 9. Trade and other receivables

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
	,	
(a) Current		
Trade debtors	163,434	117,733
Prepayments	30,789	25,251
Less: provision for doubtful debts	-	-
Total current receivables	194,223	142,984

### 10. Inventories

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Stack on hand	226 205	222 224
Stock on hand	326,395	332,281
Total inventories	326,395	332,281
11. Property, plant and equipment		
	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Land		
At cost	329,950	329,950
Less accumulated depreciation	-	-
Closing written down value	329,950	329,950
Puildings		
Buildings At cost	2,409,264	2,409,264
Less accumulated depreciation	278,920	228,333
Closing written down value	2,130,344	2,180,931
Closing written down value	2,130,344	2,100,931
Property improvements		
At cost	802,472	784,231
Less accumulated depreciation	84,626	62,954
Closing written down value	717,846	721,277
Water infrastructure		
At cost	57,594	52,331
Less accumulated depreciation	26,512	23,721
Closing written down value	31,082	28,610
Olosing Writter down value	31,002	20,010
Power infrastructure		
At cost	65,478	65,478
Less accumulated depreciation	36,801	31,710
Closing written down value	28,677	33,768
Other structures		
At cost	501,845	389,137
Less accumulated depreciation	65,442	51,215
Closing written down value	436,403	337,922
Closing Witten down value	-100,-100	001,022
Plant and equipment		
A. (	649,989	632,163
At cost	049,909	,
Less accumulated depreciation	473,403	438,301

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Preparation equipment		
At cost	12,583	11,566
Less accumulated depreciation	11,000	9,768
Closing written down value	1,583	1,798
Furniture and fittings		
At cost	23,487	23,315
Less accumulated depreciation	16,074	13,838
Closing written down value	7,413	9,477
Capital work in progress - The Jump-Up		
At cost	274,112	6,400
Collection development - work in progress		
At cost	4,602	4,602
12. Intangible assets		
	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Artwork design	_	_
Research and development	313,382	313,382
Less accumulated amortisation (retail research and development only)	(3,592)	(2,129)
	309,790	311,253
Trademark	-	-
Web shop development	23,800	23,800
Less accumulated amortisation	(8,330)	(5,951)
	15,470	17,849
	352,260	329,102
13. Trade and other payables		
	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Creditors and accruals	82,060	29,273
GST payable/ (refundable)	3,535	11,424
Employee entitlements	31,181	56,700
Deposits received in advance	113,505	125,151
PAYG payable	30,968	9,186
Superannuation payable	12,604	5,372
Total current payables	273,853	237,106

#### 14. Provisions

		2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Annual leave and <i>time in lieu</i> provision		31,181	56,700
Long service leave:			
Opening balance		24,367	19,820
Additional provisions raised (discounte	d)	3,938	8,016
Amounts used		(6,382)	(3,469)
Closing balance		21,923	24,367
Analysis of total provisions			
	Current	31,181	56,700
	Non-current	21,925	24,735
		53,106	81,067

Employee provisions represent amounts accrued for annual leave, *time in lieu* and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave, and *time in lieu* entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience, the company does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement. The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

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#### 15. Retained surplus

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Retained surplus at the beginning of the year	4,357,258	3,729,027
Accumulated adjustments and allowances	40,919	40,523
Net surplus/ (loss) for the year	496,280	628,231
Retained surplus/ (loss) at end of year	4,894,457	4,397,781
16. Equity	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Members' contribution		
Members' contribution at the beginning of the financial year	651,809	651,809
	651,809 -	651,809 -

The company is limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the Articles of Association state that the member is required to contribute the maximum of one dollar towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the company.

Total equity

5,546,266

5,049,590

# 17. Reconciliation of results from ordinary activities to net cash inflow/ (outflow) from operating activities

	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Results from ordinary activities	496,280	628,231
Non-cash operating items		
Depreciation and amortisation	137,251	138,952
Less: capital grants income	-	(193,305)
	359,029	573,878
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase) Decrease in trade and other receivables	(51,239)	48,789
(Increase) Decrease in inventories	5,886	(15,230)
Increase (Decrease) in trade and other payables	62,266	64,767
	16,913	98,326
Net cash inflow/ (outflow) from operating activities	622,875	661,780

#### 18. Directors' remuneration

2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)

The names of all directors who have held office during this financial year are:

Mr David Elliott

Mr Stanley Collins

Mr William Wavish

Mr Scott Hocknull

Ms Carol Trewick

Mr Robert Elliott

The directors of Australian Age of Dinosaurs Limited did not receive any remuneration in their capacity as directors of the company.

#### 19. Extraordinary activities

During the current financial year, there were no extraordinary items.

#### 20. Segment reporting disclosure

Australian Age of Dinosaurs Limited does not operate in segments.

#### 21. Related party transactions

#### a) Controlled Entity

Australian Age of Dinosaurs Ltd does not have any controlled entities, however does have a related entity namely, AAOD Legacy Fund Ltd as trustee for AAOD Legacy Fund. There were no transactions between the related entities for the 2018 year.

### (b) Key management personnel compensation

For the purpose of this Note, key management personnel are company Directors. There was no compensation to KMP in the 2018 year.

#### (c) Transactions with other related parties

Details of transactions between the company and other related parties of KMP are disclosed below:

	2018 (\$)
Employee expenses for close family members of key management personnel	Nil identified
Purchase of materials and services from entities controlled by key	Nil identified
management personnel	

#### (d) Outstanding balances

There are no balances outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties.

#### (e) Loans and guarantees to/from related parties

The company has not made loans to or received loans from related parties. No guarantees have been provided.

#### (f) Commitments to/from other related parties

The company has no outstanding commitments to/from other related parties.

#### 22. Financial risk management

The entity's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short term investments, accounts receivable and payables.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

Financial assets	Notes	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
Cash and cash equivalents	8	857,565	658,099
Loans and receivables	9	194,223	142,984
		1,051,788	801,083
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	242,672	237,107
		242,672	237,107

#### Financial risk management policies

The Company's risks are closely associated with funding received from grants and donations. The Board, in co-operation with the internal financial manager, monitor the expenditure of such funds, and impose sanctions where there is indication that over-expenditure is likely to be incurred.

#### Specific financial risk exposures and management

The main risks the entity is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

#### a) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to financial loss to the company.

Credit risk is managed through maintaining procedures (such as the utilisation of systems for the approval, granting and removal of credit limits, regular monitoring of exposure against such limits and monitoring the financial stability of significant customers and counter-parties) that ensure, to a reasonable extent, that members and counter-parties to transactions are of sound credit worthiness.

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Risk is also minimised through investing surplus funds in financial institutions that maintain a high credit rating or in entities that the board has otherwise cleared as being financially sound.

#### Credit risk exposures

The maximum exposure to credit risk by class if recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of any provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

There is no collateral held by the company securing trade and other receivables.

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due or impaired are considered to be of high credit quality. Aggregates of such amounts are as detailed at Note 8.

The entity has no significant concentration of credit risk with any single counter-party or group of counter-parties. Details with respect to credit risk of trade and other receivables are provided in Note 8.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the board and external consultants. Such activity requires that surplus funds are only invested with counter-parties with a Standard and Poor's rating of at least AA-. The following table provides information regarding the credit risk relating to cash and money market securities based on Standard and Poor's counter-party credit ratings.

Cash and cash equivalents	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)
-AA rated	857,565	658,099
	857,565	658,099

#### b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risks arises from the possibility that the entity might encounter difficulty is settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities. The entity manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparation of forward-looking cash flow analysis in relation to its operational, investing and financing, maintaining a reputable credit profile.
- investing only in surplus cash with major financial institutions
- managing receivables from other customers

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities to reflect the earliest contractual settlement date.

	Within	1 year	1 to 5	1 to 5 years Over 5 years		years	Total		
	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)	2018 (\$)	<b>2017 (</b> \$)	2018 (\$)	2017 (\$)	
Trade and other payables (excl. annual leave and deferred income)	85,595	55,255	-	-	-	-	85,595	55,255	
Total expected outflows	85,595	55,255	-	-	-	-	85,595	55,255	
Cash and cash equivalents	857,565	658,099	-	-	-	-	857,565	658,099	
Trade, term and loans receivables	194,223	142,984	-	-	-	-	194,223	142,984	
Total anticipated inflows	1,051,788	801,083	-	-	-	-	1,051,788	801,083	
Net (outflow)/ inflow on financial instruments	966,193	745,828	-	-	-	-	966,193	745,828	

#### c) Market risk

#### Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or their fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The company is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

As at 31 December 2018 the company had no debt.

#### Financial assets pledged as collateral.

No financial assets have been pledged as security for any.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the entity's exposures to changes in interest rates. The table indicates the impact on how surplus and equity values reported at balance date would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible. These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

Year ended	Surplus (\$)	Equity (\$)
31 December 2018		
+/-2% interest rates	17,151	17,151
Period ended		
31 December 2017		
+/-2% interest rates	13,162	13,162

The above interest rate sensitivity analysis has been performed on the assumption that all other variables remain unchanged.

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk, as the entity is not exposed to foreign currency fluctuations.

#### Fair value estimation

All company's financial assets and liabilities are held at fair value which is equal to their carrying amounts. No financial assets are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form.

The aggregate net fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the balance sheet and in the notes to the financial statements.

## **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

#### For the year ended 31 December 2018

#### AUSTRALIAN AGE OF DINOSAURS LIMITED

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, we being members of the AAODL Board state that:

- a) in our opinion the financial statements and notes thereon exhibit a true and fair view of the financial position and transactions of AAODL for the year ended 31 December 2018
- b) the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards Board (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001
- c) we are not aware of any circumstances that would render any particulars included in the financial statements to be misleading or inaccurate; and
- d) we are of the opinion that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the organisation will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Director

David A Elliott (Director and Chairman)

Winton, Queensland

2 May 2019

Director

Stanley B Collins (Director)

SB LU

Winton, Queensland

2 May 2019

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AUSTRALIAN AGE OF DINOSAURS LTD

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Australian Age of Dinosaurs Ltd (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Australian Age of Dinosaurs Ltd, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 31 December 2018 and of its financial performance for the year then ended, and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2018, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Lionel Walsh CPA Company Auditor Walsh Accounting

2 May 2019

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ANNUAL REPORT

AUSTRALIAN AGE OF DINOSAURS LIMITED